

any downstream application program may easily distinguish each vocabulary word output by speech recognizer 12, resulting in higher overall recognition accuracy.

Systems and methods have been described herein in connection with a particular automatic speech recognition environment. These systems and methods, however, are not limited to any particular hardware or software configuration, but rather they may be implemented in any computing or processing environment, including in digital electronic circuitry or in computer hardware, firmware or software. In general, the components of the automatic speech recognition systems may be implemented, in part, in a computer process product tangibly embodied in a machine-readable storage device for execution by a computer processor. In some embodiments, these systems preferably are implemented in a high level procedural or object oriented processing language; however, the algorithms may be implemented in assembly or machine language, if desired. In any case, the processing language may be a compiled or interpreted language. The methods described herein may be performed by a computer processor executing instructions organized, for example, into process modules to carry out these methods by operating on input data and generating output. Suitable processors include, for example, both general and special purpose microprocessors. Generally, a processor receives instructions and data from a read-only memory and/or a random access memory. Storage devices suitable for tangibly embodying computer process instructions include all forms of non-volatile memory, including, for example, semiconductor memory devices, such as EPROM, EEPROM, and flash memory devices; magnetic disks such as internal hard disks and removable disks; magneto-optical disks; and CD-ROM. Any of the foregoing technologies may be supplemented by or incorporated in specially designed ASICs (application-specific integrated circuits).

Other embodiments are within the scope of the claims.